SABIN WORLD  ELEMENTARY  ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO O	Where We Are In Place and Time Inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationship between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global perspectives.	How We Organize Ourselves Inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.	Who We Are Inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human.	How the World Works Inquiry into the natural world and its laws, the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment.	Sharing the Planet Inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and relationship within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.	How We Express Ourselves Inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.
ECE (4-5yo)		Central Idea: A building's purpose, design, and location supports the community.  Lines of Inquiry:  * The location and design of buildings in our community (connection)  * The tools and materials needed to build buildings (form)  * People build a variety of structures for various reasons (function)  Key Concepts: form, connection, function  Related Concepts: community, design  Learner Profile: Reflective, Open-Minded  Approaches to Learning: Self-Management, Research Skills  Months Taught: October-December	Central Idea: Our clothing is a representation of our role in the community, our culture, and our beliefs Lines of Inquiry:  * Different types of clothing (form) * How clothing is made (function) * The purpose of special clothing (connection)  Key Concepts: function,form, connection  Related Concepts: choice, sorting, expression, patterns  Learner Profile: Knowledgeable, Reflective  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills, Self-Management  Months Taught: February-April	Central Idea:  Plants play a role in our natural and man-made worlds  Lines of Inquiry:  * Characteristics of plants (form)  * The use of plants by people and animals (function)  * How plants change over time (change)  Key Concepts: form, function, change  Related Concepts: growth  Learner Profile: Thinker, Communicator  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills, Research Skills  Months Taught: September-December		Central Idea: Understanding emotions helps us respond to the feelings of ourselves and others.  Lines of Inquiry: * How we can recognize different emotions (form)  * What causes different emotions (causation)  * How we respond to our emotions and other's emotions (responsibility, connection)  Key Concepts: form, causation, responsibility, connection  Related Concepts: emotions, linguistic and nonlinguistic forms of communication, senses  Learner Profile: Communicator, Caring  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills, Communication Skills  Months Taught: Year-long
Kindergarten (5-6yo)	Central Idea:	Central Idea: The choices we make affect the community	Central Idea: Our strengths contribute to our community	Central Idea: Objects are impacted by	Central Idea: Humans make choices that impact other living things	Central Idea: Creativity is a means of self-expression

	Humans have diverse cultures and traditions but share common needs  Lines of Inquiry: * Native American tribes in the past and present (form)  * The needs of all humans (connection)  * How traditions are kept alive (responsibility)  Key Concepts: form, connection, responsibility  Related Concepts: tribes, native, traditions, diversity  Learner Profile: Reflective, Communicator, Thinker  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills, Research Skills  Months taught: Mid-January-February	around us  Lines of Inquiry:  *Characteristics of a school (form)  * Different roles in a community (function)  * How we solve problems (responsibility)  Key Concepts: function, responsibility, form  Related Concepts: community, conflict, relationship  Learner Profile: Principled, Communicator, Caring  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills, Communication Skills Self-Management Skills  Months taught: August/September	Lines of Inquiry:  * How we are all different (perspective)  * How we can work together (function)  * How our differences make our community stronger (causation)  Key Concepts: perspective, function, causation  Related Concepts: cooperation, growth, culture, identity  Learner Profile: Open-Minded, Risk-Taker/Courageous, Reflective  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills, Communication Skills  Months taught: October/November/December	forces  Lines of Inquiry: *How we can impact an object's movement(causation) * How we can predict patterns in movement (function) * How we can see evidence of force on objects (connection)  Key Concepts: causation, function, connection  Related Concepts: force, energy, motion  Learner Profile: Knowledgeable, Thinker, Inquirer  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills, Research Skills  Months taught: January	Lines of Inquiry:  * Different kinds of plants and animals that live in one place (form)  * What causes things to live and grow (causation)  * How we can make choices that help other living things (responsibility)  Key Concepts: form, causation, responsibility  Related Concepts: habitats, survival, resources, solutions  Learner Profile: Thinker, Principled, Balanced  Approaches to Learning: Self-Management Skills, Thinking Skills  Months taught: April /May	Lines of Inquiry:  * How we use music to express ourselves (form)  *How we express ourselves in a second language (connection)  * How we express emotion through movement (perspective)  Key Concepts: form, connection, perspective  Related Concepts: flexibility, self-regulation, flow  Learner Profile: Communicator, Caring, Reflective  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills, Social Skills, Self-Management Skills  Months taught: Sept - May
First Grade (6-7yo)	Central Idea: Humans are impacted by the natural world and their beliefs and understanding about it.  Lines of Inquiry: * How day and night patterns on Earth are impacted by the Sun (causation)  *How cultural beliefs impact views of natural phenomenon (perspective) * How scientists help us understand our place in the natural world (function)  Key Concepts: causation, perspective, function  Related Concepts:	Central Idea: Communities are influenced by their environment Lines of Inquiry:  * How we represent locations on Earth (form)  * How communities live differently based on their natural environment (perspective)  * How people serve different roles in their community (change)  Key Concepts: form, perspective, change  Related Concepts: climate, transformation, impact, location	Central Idea: We are unique individuals who learn and grow through our actions  Lines of Inquiry:  * Setting & reflecting on goals (form)  * How structures have unique forms (form)  * How choices define who we are (connection)  Key Concepts: Form, Connection  Related Concepts: relationships, systems, culture, patterns  Learner Profile: Thinker, Caring  Approaches to Learning:	Central Idea: The natural world influences life on Earth Lines of Inquiry: * Structures and patterns in the natural world (form) * How things change (change) * How communities form based on their natural environment (function)  Key Concepts: form, change, function  Related Concepts: structures, growth, cycles, compare, contrast, patterns, systems  Learner Profile: Reflective, Balanced	Central Idea: Taking action is a way to pursue our rights and responsibilities  Lines of Inquiry: * Rights and responsibilities (responsibility) * How we make informed choices (causation) * Change-makers (change)  Key Concepts: causation, responsibility, change  Related Concepts: conflict, citizenship, values, resolution  Learner Profile: Principled, Risk-Taker  Approaches to Learning: Self-Management Skills:	Central Idea: Humans express their cultural beliefs through symbols and storytelling  Lines of Inquiry: *How humans use communication to express themselves (form) * How humans build structures that express their beliefs (function) * How humans use storytelling to convey cultural beliefs (causation)  Key Concepts: form, function, causation  Related Concepts: communication, culture, storytelling  Learner Profile: Risk-Taker, Communicator

	patterns, impact, place, time  Learner Profile: Knowledgeable, Inquirer  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills Research Skills Communication Skills  Months taught: February/March	Learner Profile: Open-Minded, Principled Approaches to Learning: Social Skills Communication Skills Months taught: November/December	Self-Management Skills Communication Skills Social Skills <b>Months taught:</b> August/September	Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills Research Skills Months taught: September/October	Thinking Skills: Communication Skills <b>Months taught:</b> April-May	Approaches to Learning: Communication Skills, Social Skills, Research Skills Months taught: January
Second Grade (7-8yo)	Central Idea: Humans migrate in response to challenges and opportunities  Lines of Inquiry: *Why people immigrate (causation) *How certain regions are more popular for immigrants (perspective) *How people become citizens (form)  Key Concepts: causation, perspective, form  Related Concepts: citizenship, immigration, customs  Learner Profile: Reflective, Communicator  Approaches to Learning: Communication Skills, Research Skills  Months taught: April	Central Idea: Communities organize themselves differently based on cultural beliefs and geographic landscapes  Lines of Inquiry:  * How geographic features impact daily life and cultural beliefs (causation)  *How the actions and beliefs of people in the past impact people in the present (connection)  * How the availability of natural resources has impacted humans throughout time (causation)  Key Concepts: connection, causation  Related Concepts: structure, organization, impact  Learner Profile: Knowledgeable, Inquirer  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills Communication Skills  Months taught: October/November	Central Idea: Communities work together to meet common needs and wants  Lines of Inquiry: * The needs and wants within a community (function)  *How people are connected by their roles and needs (connection)  *The choices we make due to needs and wants (responsibility)  Key Concepts: function, connection, responsibility  Related Concepts: community, citizenship, culture  Learner Profile: Balanced,Principled, Caring  Approaches to Learning: Communication Skills Self-Management Skills  Months taught: August/September	Central Idea: Natural cycles make life on Earth possible Lines of Inquiry: *Day and night cycles (form)  * Life cycles of plants and insects (form)  * The water cycle (form)  * The interdependence of plants and animals (connection)  Key Concepts: form, connection  Related Concepts: Cycles, systems, balance, causation  Learner Profile: Thinker, Knowledgeable  Approaches to Learning: Research Skills Thinking Skills Social Skills  Months taught: January/February	Central Idea: Innovations help humans meet their needs  Lines of Inquiry: * How innovation changes daily life and society (change) *How innovation can meet societal needs (function) * The characteristics of creators (responsibility)  Key Concepts: function, responsibility, change  Related Concepts: opportunities, challenges  Learner Profile: Inquirer Risk-Taker  Approaches to Learning: Self Management Skills Research Skills Communication Skills Thinking Skills  Months taught: November-January	Central Idea: People can take action by expressing themselves in different ways.  Lines of Inquiry: *How influential people can change people's minds (change) *Changemakers for civil rights (causation) * How changemakers express themselves in different ways (perspective)  Key Concepts: change, causation, perspective  Related Concepts: Communication, influence, expression  Learner Profile: Open-Minded, Thinker  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills Communication Skills  Months taught: April/May
Third Grade	Central Idea:	Central Idea: Humans are part of a	Central Idea:	Central Idea:	Central Idea:	Central Idea:

(8-9yo)	Literature teaches us about ourselves and others throughout time	global community  Lines of Inquiry:	Cultural identities are shaped by challenges and opportunities	Scientific evidence teaches us about the world around us	Living things are influenced by and can impact their environment.	Expressing our beliefs is a way to create change
	Lines of Inquiry:  * How societal beliefs are demonstrated through character behaviors. (form)  * How characters portray varies identities. (form)  * How we can demonstrate our point of view through writing. (perspective)  Key Concepts: form, perspective  Related Concepts: origins, society, literacy  Learner Profile: Reflective, Thinker  Approaches to Learning: Communication Skills Social Skills  Months taught: August/September	* How to act as global citizens (responsibility)  * How cultural traditions can be passed on through time and movement (form)  * The connections between geography and culture (connection)  Key Concepts: form, connection, responsibility  Related Concepts: impact, systems, structure  Learner Profile: Open-Minded, Inquirers  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills Communication Skills  Months taught: September/October	Lines of Inquiry: *Why people immigrate and its impact on others (causation)  * Elements of cultural identity (form)  * The effects of multiculturalism (perspective)  Key Concepts: causation, form, perspective  Related Concepts: identity, relationships, culture, beliefs, interaction  Learner Profile: Knowledgeable, Communicators  Approaches to Learning: Research Skills Thinking Skills  Months taught: November/December	Lines of Inquiry: *How scientific data can teach us about our world (function)  *Cause and effect (causation)  *How to gather evidence in a scientific way (function)  Key Concepts: function, causation  Related Concepts: structure, survival, traits  Learner Profile: Inquirer, Thinker  Approaches to Learning: Research Skills Thinking Skills  Months taught: January	Lines of Inquiry:  * How humans change their ways of life as their environment changes (change) * How changes to the environment can be natural or human caused (causation) * How we can take action to protect our environment (responsibility)  Key Concepts: responsibility, change, causation  Related Concepts: values, initiative, systems, relationships, consequences, impact  Learner Profile: Balanced, Thinker, Caring  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills, Communication Skills  Months taught: April/May	Lines of Inquiry: *Rights and responsibilities of citizens (responsibilities)  *Ways people exercise their rights and responsibilities (perspective)  *How working for equality and justice helps everyone (causation)  Key Concepts: responsibility, perspective, causation  Related Concepts: expression, transformation, influence  Learner Profile: Open-Minded, Risk-Taker, Principled  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills Communication Skills Self-Management Skills  Months taught: February/March
Fourth Grade (9-10yo)	Central Idea: Past events influence the earth and its people  Lines of Inquiry: *How resources and environmental factors impact human decision-making (perspective)  *How historical events inform current circumstances (causation)  *How our current opportunities and freedoms	Central Idea: The choices we make affect us and others in our community  Lines of Inquiry: *How choices are impacted by cultural norms (perspective) *How we make economic choices (responsibility) *How obstacles impact the choices we make (causation)  Key Concepts:	Central Idea: A person's identity has many influences  Lines of Inquiry: *The reciprocal relationship between experience and change (change)  *How people find and use inspiration (causation) *How reflecting builds understanding of self and others (reflection)  Key Concepts:	Central Idea:  Scientists understand the world through observations and measurements.  Lines of Inquiry: *how observing animal behaviors help scientists understand their survival mechanisms (function)  *How observing and measuring rock formations teach scientists about the past (connection)	Central Idea: Limited resources require creativity and collaboration Lines of Inquiry: *How living beings play a role in their living community and ecosystem (responsibility) *How our actions can change our environment and community (change) *How we use differing perspectives to create compromise and generate solutions (perspective)	Central Idea: Language is a way to express ideas, perspectives, and values  Lines of Inquiry: *The characteristics of people's cultures and values (form) *How culture and values inform perspective (Perspective) *How inspiration informs choices (Causation)  Key Concepts:

	are influenced by past conflicts (change)  Key Concepts: change, causation, perspective  Related Concepts: conflict, social justice, systems of power, natural resources, migration  Learner Profile: Knowledgeable, Inquirer  Approaches to Learning: Research Skills Thinking Skills  Months taught: February/March	perspective, responsibility, causation  Related Concepts: Systems, prejudice, rights, justice, goods, services, influence  Learner Profile: Reflective, Open-Minded, Principled  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills, Communication Skills  Months taught: April/May	change, causation, reflection  Related Concepts: character, diversity, race/ethnicity, gender, beliefs, values  Learner Profile: Caring, Inquirer  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills Self-Management Skills  Months taught: Year- long	* How scientists use evidence to support their claims (connection  Key Concepts: function, connection  Related Concepts: systems, adaptation, environment  Learner Profile: Knowledgeable, Inquirer  Approaches to Learning: Research Skills Communication Skills  Months taught: October/November	Key Concepts: change, perspective, responsibility  Related Concepts: natural resources, sustainability, energy and systems, economic + social impact  Learner Profile: Balanced, Reflective  Approaches to Learning: Research Skills, Self-Management Skills  Months taught: January/February	form, perspective, causation  Related Concepts: creation, audience, perspective, opinion, language, interpretation  Learner Profile: Thinker, Risk-Taker, Communicator  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills Communication Skills  Months taught: August/September
Fifth Grade (10-11yo)	Central Idea: Indigenous communities influence land in the past and present  Lines of Inquiry: *the history of Native American cultures (form)  * Storytelling and artifacts as historical sources (function)  * How we can honor the cultural heritage of our land (responsibility)  Key Concepts: form, responsibility, function  Related Concepts: origins, tradition, society, time  Learner Profile: Open-Minded Knowledgeable Caring  Approaches to Learning: Social Skills, Thinking Skills  Months taught:	Central Idea: Cross-cultural interactions shape both past and present Lines of Inquiry:  *Why people migrate (causation)  *How cooperation and conflict affect the survival of a community (connection)  *How social structures impact people in different ways (function)  Key Concepts: responsibility, function, connection  Related Concepts: social structures, migration  Learner Profile: Inquirer, Thinker Communicator, Principled  Approaches to Learning: Thinking Skills, Research Skills  Months taught:	Central Idea: We are important citizens in the global community  Lines of Inquiry: *Rights and responsibilities (responsibility)  *How government documents preserve or deter freedom for different groups of people (function)  *Protections and limitations on freedom (form)  Key Concepts: form, function, perspective  Related Concepts: Freedom, relationships, beliefs, values, interaction  Learner Profile: Communicator, Principled Approaches to Learning: Social Skills, Self-Management Skills  Months taught:	Central Idea: Patterns help us understand our natural world Lines of Inquiry: *How scientists observe different patterns (function)  * What causes daily and yearly patterns in our sky (causation)  *How people create stories about patterns (perspective)  Key Concepts: function, causation, perspective  Related Concepts: gravity, storytelling, cycles Learner Profile: Inquirers, Thinkers  Approaches to Learning: Research Skills, Communication Skills  Months taught:	Central Idea: Communities are impacted by the use of resources (students create their own central ideas based on their topic) Lines of Inquiry: * student created (exhibition) Key Concepts: *student created Related Concepts: *student created Learner Profile: *student created Approaches to Learning: *student created Months taught: year-long	Central Idea: Humans express their individuality and uniqueness in different ways  Lines of Inquiry:  *How restricting people's freedoms impacts their ability to express themselves (causation)  *How people change based on experiences and events (change)  *How people's ability to express themselves demonstrates their uniqueness (function)  Key Concepts: causation, change, function  Related Concepts: individuality, community, expression  Learner Profile: Open-Minded, Reflective  Approaches to Learning:

October/December	February/March	August/September	April	Thinking Skills, Communication Skills
				Months taught: April/May